very plain in their statements. He admitted that the President of the United States was a great statesman; that he was at the head of a great Nation, and that the words he uttered were of great responsibility. The policy of this country should be of great prudence, and a desire to conciliate rather than to irritate; to be friendly rather than unfriendly with any power in the world. But this was also a great country; great in forests and mineral resources, and great in capacity. All of our citizens did not labor at developing these resources. Many Canadians looked to the trackless sea for their living, and when the rights of their fishermen were imposed on it was their duty to up-hold their rights and the honor of the country. All that was held up as a reason for non-intercourse was Canada's refusal to permit American fishermen to send cases of fish in bond over Canadian railways to the United States. The United States chose themselves to go back to the treaty of 1818, and its provisions were being enforced. There was nothing unfriendly in that. Their conduct in seizing American vessels was not barsh, and their action was borne out by the support of the British government on inquiry into every case. The United States in 1818 gave up the right to fish within the threemile limit. The American fishermen were to have no commercial privileges on Canadian snores. They could not sait their fish or buy supplies. They could only enter the harbors in case of storm or to make repairs. But the renunciation of these privileges was brought by giving American fishermen the right to fish along the coasts of Labrador and the Magdalen islands; and now they wish to hold on to the one while they will not give up the old one. The means of retaliation proposed was the withdraw-al of the privilege to bond goods through the United States to Canada. This privilege was secured to them by Article 29 of the Washington treaty, and it required two years' notice by the terms of that treaty before any article could be suspended. No notice of that kind had been given, and yet President Cleveand, regardless of the sacred obligations of the treaty, proposed to end this privilege without notice, and at a single stroke. If, as Mr. Laurier, leader of the opposition, said at St Thomas, the other day, our carrying trade is going to be so much injured, does not that show the great folly it would be to have a commercial arrangement with the United States? Did you ever see a man who, when his house was on fire, wished that his house was large and his loss greater? If we make the proposed arrangement, the next time we get in the whirl of American politics every vital interest of ours will be sacrificed to win the votes of a few wards in the city of New York. The President's message is an interruption that puts a fatal mark across the page of unrestricted resiprocity and leaves the people of Ontario to believe that, after all, with all the cries of a ruinous national policy, the policy of the develop-ment of this country, of making it a united country from the Atlantic to the Pacific; the policy which enables Canada to say, 'We can live without American railways and steamship lines; we can live in comparative comfort even if the United Stases will not deal with us or trade with us at all.' All this is a much better policy for this country than to hand over its destinies to a people who are ready to sacrifice them to their own political interests."

#### THE PENSION BUREAU.

Facts That Are Not Stated in the Annual Report of Commissioner Black. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The annual report of the Commissioners of Pensions abounds in statistics. One of the strongest points made by the Commissioner is in regard to the increase in the number of certificates issued for three years between the years 1885 and 1888. Compared with those issued in the fiscal years between 1882 an 1885, an increase of 138,316 is shown. General Black does not explain that this increase was caused by changes in the pension laws making increases on account of amputation and increases from \$8 to \$12 allowed to widows and dependent relatives. A new certificate had to be issued in each of these cases, and these, taken altogether, will amount to considerably over 100,000. An analysis of the balance of the figures would probably show that like deception has been practiced. The Commissioner neglected to state that the number of cases in the special examination division increased nearly 10,000 within the last fiscal year. The cause of the increase is directly the consequence of the inefficiency of employes now in the field, composed largely of new appointees. case is sent to the board review or the special examination division, when testimony is insufficient. The Commissioner also fails to state in his report that he has been absent from his office about one hundred and sixty days during the past year, or that the principal part of the business of his office has been approved by stamped signature, which is not even a fac-simile, and that this stamp has been employed outside of his own room. Pension certificates have been stamped and other documents approved when the Commissioner was not only outside the pension building, but away from the city. All the Commissioner asked on his return from his numerous absences was in regard to the number of cases which had been ground out, and his only complaint was when they have not been sufficient in number to swell the record. Gen. Black, it is remarked, has also been careful to avoid any allusion to his detail of the chief of the special examination division for a political investigation, recently, at Cohocton, N. Y., the expenses of which were paid out of the fund for the investigation of pension claims. Examiners were detailed on similar missions, which can be given in detail if necessary, and which have caused the work of the special examination diwision to drag far behind.

# THE PENSION VETOES.

Commissioner Black Incorporates a Campaign Document in His Report,

Special to the Indianapolis Journal Washington, Aug. 30 .- General Black, Commissioner of Pensions, intends to evade the operation of the civil-service law in using clerks to compile the campaign document indorsing President Cleveland's pension vetoes by incorporating the information in his regular annual report, a summary of which was given to the public through the press this morning. The Commissioner's report is very voluminous, and is now in the hands of the Public Printer. Within a few days it will be circulated throughout the country by the hundred thousands. Those who have seen the manuscript say there are many pages devoted to a defense of the President's vetoes, and that unusual genins has been shown in the selection of cases which are best calculated to defend the President. The approximate cost of the issue of this defense of the President-which is nothing less than a campaign document pure and simple-was pinced at too low a figure when it was stated to be \$5,000. Those who are familiar with the work which has been required to compile this document estimate its cost at \$8,000. This, of course, is paid out of the fund appropriated by Congress to pay the expense of running the Pension Office. During the past three weeks there have been less than half the usual number of pensions allowed, and during the past ten days the work has almost stopped, owing to the large force required to hurry out this campaign document. Owing to the fact that the Commissioner has issued this information to the public through his regular report, it is not likely that the proposed investigation by Congress will be inaugurated, as the Commissioner has, by a technicality, avoided a direct violation of the law. The spirit of the law, however, has been grossly outraged.

# AFFAIRS IN ALASKA.

Each United States Official Is Desirous of "Bossing" His Associates.

Washington Special.

An officer of the United States government, who has just returned from Alaska, whither he went on an inspecting tour, gives a rather amusing picture of the condition of affairs there. He visited Sitka, Juneau and Fort Wrangel. Everywhere he found the representatives of the United States at outs. The postmaster wanted to boss the collector and everybody else, the collector wanted to be boss himself, the marshal had a similar ambition, a like desire was working in the heart of the judge, while the commissioner and everybody else holding an official position under the goverament did not have any intention of being subordinate to any one, not even to the Governor. The result may be imagined. The disagreement between the judge and his marshal is especially marked. The judge will order the marshal to pay certain fees, and the marshal will peremptorily decline. The judge will to go East and seek a better market and was repeat the order over and over again in open about to start when arrested, the company haveourt, and the marshal will decline as many ing received word that he was off for Europe.

his stay to do things just as he wants to. The other free-born American citizens who are officials will kick, and the shindy becomes more lively than ever. Then there is the line of steamers that run up to Alaska. The company controlling the line has assumed the ownership of the wharves and storehouses at Sitka and Juneau, despite the fact that they were built by Russia, and became the property of the United States when it bought Alaska. The company which has thus unlawfully seized upon government property charges the United States for the use of the storehouses and vaults \$2 per ton from every vessel, government or otherwise that uses the wharves. About three weeks before the inspector commenced to ourney back to Washington, Governor Swineford left Sitks for an exploring expedition, to be gone six or seven months. He left his secretary to act in his stead. This has further complicated affairs. The judge and the private secretary are at swords' points. The consequence is that the judge will sentence a prisoner to jail for a certain time and the chances are that before he has been locked up the private secretary and acting Governor will send a swift messenger to the convicted man with a full pardon.

#### MINOR MATTERS.

Representative Gallinger's Report on the Government Printing Office Inquiry. Washington, Aug. 30 .- Representative Gallinger has completed his minority report upon the result of the investigation of the printing committee into the administration of the Government Printing Office. The report is very long and bitterly critical of Public Printer Benedict and the majority of the committee. It charges that the majority suppressed important evidence which would rebut the charge that the late Public Printer, Mr. Rounds, had privately sold government presses at ridiculously small prices. It alleges that Mr. Benedict discharged Union soldiers and filled their places with confederates; that the work of the office is largely in arrears; that he improperly had access to the record of evidence as it was taken by the committee: that he practiced rank favoritism in awarding contracts; that he is not a practical printer, and that he has, by false figures and statements, imposed upon Congress and the country. The report defends Mr. Rounds's administration as honorable, conscientious and able, and in conclusion declares that enough violations of law and evidences of incompetency have been shown by the testimony to warrant the immediate removal from office of T. E. Benedict, the present Public Printer. A large part t treats of private work done at the Government Printing Office. Among other things, it is said that the testimony shows beyond a doubt that a series of speeches made by President Cleveland in various cities on his famous trip in the autumn of 1887 had been printed in advance in the Government Printing Office, in clear violation of law. The minority declare that for the first time in the history of the Government Printing Office that vast workshop has been turned into a political machine, men being discharged solely because they were Republicans, and others appointed solely because they were Democrats.

Indiana Pensions. Pensions have been granted the following-

named Indianians: Original Invalid-D. Easterly, Mulberry; D. Hourigan, Sheldon; W. Slack, Harmony; F. R. Harter, Winchester; J. S. Christy, Greensburg; J. B. Smith, Cynthiana; E. J. Harmond, Blaine Station; J. W. Jacobs, Clark's Hill; W. C. Olmstead, Kent; R. S. Linnville, Cloverdale; J. D. Glore, Rushville (navy); J. F. Blythe, deceased, Seymore: W. D. Datly, Greensburg; S. Reed, Null's Mills; W. H. Briner, Farlen; J. K. Darby, Alto; D. Sipes, Mountain Spring; J. T. Horner, Fredericksburg; J. McCafferty, Glendale; P. Mahin, Stamper's Creek; A. Wood, Mitchell; A. J. Stone, Linnsburg; P. Ashutz, Anderson; H. Baugh, Ellettsville; J. Devorso, Hillisburg; M. M. Lucky, Moore's Vineyard; S. M. Sinss, Ray; J. H. Martin, Michigan City; B. F. Robison, New Philadelphia; M. Hamilton, Sullivan. Increase-W. M. Jones, Gentryville; J. Miller, Muncie; A. Nichols, Sullivan; C. Jutsi, Tell City; G. Endinger, Harlan. Widows, Etc. - Sallie, widow of Henry Harris,

Kyana; Elizabeth, widow of Elihu Mensell, Roanoke: Rosana C., deceased, widow of Jeremiah Voris, Terre Haute.

Why Mr. Tracey Resigned. WASHINGTON, Aug. 30. - Representative Tracey, of New York, has resigned his membership of the House committees on Pacific railroads, and coinage, weights and measures. This action results from the treatment by the House of the report of the conferees on the army bill, containing provisions for the equipment of Watervliet Arsenal, in which Mr. Tracey was deeply interested. Mr. Tracey says that on Aug. 24, when the report was rejected, he was induced to withdraw his point of no quorum in consideration of a promthat he would be afforded an opportunity to secure his object later on. He says that this opportunity was denied him by the action of Speaker Carlisle. In the course of an interview with the Speaker some sharp language passed, and Mr. Tracey felt called upon to decline to continue to enjoy any privilege as a committeeman which it might be supposed that he owed to the Speaker's favor.

# The Senate Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30 .- The caucus of Republican Senators at Mr. Edmunds's house tonight brought together twenty-two of the thirtyfive Republican Senators now in the city. There was a three hours' conference. Tariff was the only topic discussed, and a very harmonious agreement on the sugar, wool and lumber schedules was finally reached. The sugar tax in the Republican bill is to be reduced 50 per cent. below existing rates; the lumber tax is to remain as at present, and the duty on the fine grades of wool is to be raised 1 cent per pound. The bill now in course of preparation by the Senate finance sub-committee, Mr. Allison said to night, is to be pushed to completion, and will probably be ready within ten days.

# Consumption of Liquors.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30 .- The Internal Revenue Bureau has issued a statement showing the per capita consumption of whisky, beer, etc. at the present time, as compared with the consumption forty-seven years ago, before the enactment of the internal-revenue laws by which liquors are taxed. In 1840 2.52 proof gallons of distilled spirits were drunk per capits. against 1.19 proof gallons in 1887; 2.09 gallons of wine against .54 in 1887; 1.36 gallons of malt liquors, against 11.98 in 1887, and 4.17 gallons of wines and liquors, against 13.68 in 1887.

# General Notes.

special to the Indianapolis. Journas. WASHINGTON, Aug. 30 .- Representative Bynum will leave for Indianapolis to-morrow to enter the campaign. He does not intend to return to Washington until after the election, unless something of great importance in Congress should demand his presence here.

Charles L. Jewett, chairman of the Democratic State central committee of Indiana, is in the

Mrs. Sherman and Miss Mary Sherman are enjoying pleasant weather in their Mansfield, O. home. Mrs. Sherman has sent to Senator Sherman and household, here, some of the results of her horticultural care, a quantity of luscious greengages and purple damson plumbs. The total collections of internal revenue dur-

ing the month of July last were \$10,178,599, be-\$82,220 more than the collections during July,

Word has been received at the White House from Eagle Rock, near Clifton Forge, Va., yesterday, to the effect that the President and party will not return to Washington until Sat urday next.

# Fatally Shot in His Mistress's House.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Aug. 30 .- A. F. Wilbur. until recently a prominent and wealthy business man, was shot this afternoon in the apartments of his mistress, Hattie Manning. Whether he shot himself or was shot by her, is uncertain. After the shooting he fell or stumbled down stairs, when he was carried to his brother's house. The woman, who is young and pretty, was arrested. She said Wilbur shot himself as the result of jealousy. Wilbur refuses to make anything known, but has placed a statement in the hands of his friends to be made public if he dies. His physicians say there is but a slight chance of his recovery. Wilbur recently lost about \$30,000 in lumbering speculations in Arkansas. He is twenty-eight years of age, and has a wife and five children.

# An Unpleasant Experience.

CHICAGO, Aug. 30,-John Dunning, of Omaha, when he was arrested, Tuesday, at the Polkstreet depot, on a warrant charging him with embezzlement. Mr. Dunning was sent by the Omaha Coal-mining Company to sell \$40,000 worth of stock in the corporation. He decided to go East and seek a better market and was times as it is repeated. Every once in a while an American naval vessel will arrive on the scene, and its commander will attempt during was dismissed for want of prosecution.

### INDIANA AND ILLINOIS NEWS

The Daily Chronicle of Happenings of Various Kinds in the Two States.

Kentucky Criminal Arrested at New Providence-Railroad Accident at Martinsville-Rich Farmer Drowned While Drunk.

#### INDIANA.

Kentuckian Arrested as New Providence, Charged with Conspiracy to Murder. Louisville, Ky., Aug. 30.-A: New Providence, Ind., yesterday, Matt Mahuron was arrested by the marshal of Shelbyville, Ky., on a charge of conspiracy to poison a farmer living near Shelbyville, named Davis. Mahuron, who is hardly grown, had a quarrel with Davis about the latter's daughter. He was at the time in Davis's employ, and was discharged. A bitter enmity grew up between the two. With Mahuron, working for Davis, was a young man named Harry Sharp. He was induced by Ma-huron to undertake to kill Davis. For this he was to get a horse and buggy and a watch. He invited Davis to take a drink of ginger ale he had prepared. Davis drank, but the beverage had a sweetish taste, and he did not take much. A sport time afterward he was taken very sick, and was only saved by the energetic efforts of several physicians. Both the young men disappeared, but were traced to Indiana. Sharp

#### made his escape.

County Fairs. Special to the Indiapapolis Journal WINCHESTER, Aug. 30 .- The attendance at the fair to-day was variously estimated at from seven to ten thousand people. The free-for-all pace resulted:

Shepherd Girl..... 1 1 1 Darkness...... 2 3 3 High Jack ..... 2 2 2 Time-2:30, 2:29, 2:33.

The 2:50 trotting race: Dick Executor ..... 1 1 1 Joe Hefner ...... 3 3 3 Johnny Wonder .... 2 2 2

Time-2:4719, 2:45, 2:40. There were ten entries for this race, and it was the first time either of the winners had ever competed in a race. The display of stock would

do eredit to any fair. GREENSBURG, Aug. 30.—The third day of the Decatur county fair was largely attended, there being not less than 8,000 persons present. The display was excellent in all lines, especially in fruits, cattle and borses. An interesting feature was the attendance in a large delegation, headed by a brass band, of the employes of the Big Four Limestone Company, of Newpoint, ten miles east of here. The pony chariot races pleased every one, the time made with four abreast being a half mile in one minute and ten seconds. In the 2:35 trot there were five starters. Pat won in three straight heats. In the free pace there were three starters. Gray Harry won in three straight heats, with Willard M. but a neck behind, while Frank Champ made a good third. Premiums were awarded in the miscellaneous departments, and on cattle, hogs and horses.

#### Herndon's Life of Lincoln.

Special to the Indianapotis Journas-GREENCASTLE, Aug. 30 .- Jesse W. Weik, of this place, has just returned from New York where he contracted with the firm of Bel ford, Clark & Co. for the publication of "Herndon's Life of Lincoln," upon which he has been engaged for the past three years. The work will be issued in two volumes. It will be the recollections of Lincoln by Wm. H. Herndon, who for twenty-five years was the Great Emancipator's law partner. It contains somer are letters by Lincoln and others which for the first time are given to the world. It is written in a plain, straightforward style, and throws the light on certain phases of Lincoln's life which heretofore has been kept in the dark. It treats of the martyred President's private as well as his public life, and relates facts that are not less startling than interesting. The analysis of his mind and character is an exceedingly interest-ing chapter; in fact, the whole work will be a new revelation of the great man's nature. It will be issued about Oct. 1.

#### Railroad Accident at Martinsville. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

MARTINSVILLE, Aug. 30. - Freight train No. 58 ran into freight No. 44, of the Indianapolis & Vincennes railroad, this. afternoon, about halfpast 4 o'clock, within the city limits. No. 44 was switching, and had not taken the sidetrack, as it should have done, while the other train was coming into the city at full speed. The accident occurred on a sharp curve and in close proximity to several dwellings. The engine of No. 58 was badly demolished, and the caboose and a box car loaded with freight, belonging to train 44, are almost a total wreck. Passenger train No. 11 will not be able to go further west before 2 or 3 o'clock in the morning. It should have left here at 5:18 P. M. One orakeman in the caboose, on seeing the approaching train, jumped. No person was burt.

#### She Made "Old Tippecanoe's" Clothes. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

CRAWFORDSVILLE, Aug. 30.-Joseph Barniard, sr., of Hopkinton, N. H., who has been visiting friends at Waveland, says that his daughter made the suit of clothes that Gen. W. H. Harrison wore when he made his inaugural address. Mr. Barniard cut the wool from merino sheep, and carded it; his daughter wove it into cloth, cut the suit out and made it. The time from when the sheep were caught until the suit of clothes was made and ready to wear, was just twenty-four hours. Mr. Barplard still is engaged in raising sheep, as was his father, who never sold any land during his lifetime, but purchased all that he could. Maria Garrish, who is kin to Mr. Barniard, attended a school taught by Levi P. Morton. Mr. Barniard has always lived at Hopkinton.

# The School-Teachers.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. DELPHI, Aug. 30 .- The Carroll County Institute is now in session at this place, with an unusual large attendance. Tuesday evening Prof. John M. Coulter, of Wabsah College, delivered his popular lecture on "Our National Park." and this evening Professor Ridpath lectured on "Alexander Hamilton."

Last night the county oratorical contest occurred. There were seven contestants. The honors were awarded Taylor Groninger, of Camden. Mr. Groninger is a young man, and gives promise of a bright future. The institute will close Saturday. Professor Thompkins, of De-Panw, and Professor Davidson, of Bloomington, are the chief instructors.

#### A Coming Meeting of Red Men. Special to the Indianapolis Journal

FARMLAND, Aug. 30 .- A district meeting of Red Men will be held at Farmland Sept. 5 Seven tribes will be present and participate. The Great Incohone, head of the order in the United States, R. S. Gregory, of Muncie, will be present and address the meeting. Two thousand Red Men will be present. A huge ox, roasted by natural gas, the first ox ever prepared in this way, will be a feature of the occasion. All Red Men are invited. This will be one of the most notable gatherings of Red Men ever held in the West.

# Old Settlers' Meeting.

Special to the Indiapapolis Journal. GREENCASTLE, Aug. 30 .- The old settlers pienic, held here to-day, was a decided success, there being about five thousand strangers present. All the railroads ran large excursion trains and all came packed. Entertainment of all kinds was afforded those present, from eloquent speeches to base-ball and other athletic sports. Things have been very lively all day, and large crowds thronged the streets. This is the first old settlers' meeting held in this county, and in all regards is worthy of the title.

# Minor Notes.

The Fourth and Sixth Indiana Cavalry, and the Thirty-first, Forty-third and Eighty-fifth Infantry, will hold a reunion at Terre Haute on the 7th, 8th and 9th of September. During the absence of the family at the fair, vesterday, burglars entered the residence of

a watch and a large quantity of clothing. Joseph Lamb, aged twenty-one years, sent from Bloomington to serve a term of one year for petit larceny, escaped from the Jeffersonville penitentiary, yesterday morning, by scaling the

Samuel Williams, at Greensburg, and carried off

Crawfordsville, in order to save a lawsuit, paid \$150 for a strip of the original church lot which had been fenced in by the owner of an adjoining lot, and thus occupied for twenty years.

The trustees of the Christian Church at

pastor at Frankfort. He was a very able man in all regards, and his death, when comparatively a young man, will be sincerely regretted by a large circle of admiring friends.

Mrs. Sarah J. Mack, wife of Jas. B. Mack, of Crawfordsville, who has resided in Montgomery county since 1845, died on Wednesday. The de-ceased was born in Butler county, Ohio, on Jan. 4, 1822, and leaves a husband and five children.

Charlotte Vanosdol, mother of Argus D. Vanosdel, department commander of the Grand Army of the Republic for Indiana, died at her home, in Switzerland county, yesterday. The father and one son died previously, and the mother's demise leaves Commander Vanosdol the only survivor of the family.

Two more old residents of Montgomery county have died during the past few days. Charles Ridge, of Alamo, aged seventy five years, died on Monday, after a long illness, during which he refused to take either medicine or nourishment. On Tuesday James Stipe, of Shannondale, died at the age of seventy, from cancer of the stomach.

#### ILLINOIS.

A Wealthy Farmer Goes Fishing, Gets Druck, and Is Drowned in Shallow Water.

special to the Indianapolis Journal LAKE CITY, Aug. 30. - John Winings and O. P. Shreve, of this place, went to Lake Fork, near Atwood, to fish. At Atwood they procured beer and whisky and proceeded to the stream. Shreve says he became drunk and fell asleep, when he waked up Winings was lying in the stream, drowned. Winings owned 240 acres of land and was a well-to do farmer.

#### Brief Mention. Texas fever has broken out among cattle at

Many members of the Fifty-fourth Illinois Volunteers arrived in Mattoon yesterday to participate in the annual reunion, which will continue over to-day. A preliminary meeting was held last night, and the old comrades renewed acquaintances.

More than 200 of the descendants of Isaac Funk and Robert Stubblefield, two of the celebrated pioneer settlers of McLean county, with their direct connections, held their annual re-union at the church in Funk's Grove on Wednesday. They were addressed by Judge Lawrence Weldon, of Bloomington. The Hon. Lafayeete Funk presided at the business meeting.

#### NEWS FROM ABROAD.

An Execution Which Promises to Result in a Serious Disturbance.

Paris, Aug. 30. - The execution of a Corsican bandit named Rochini is fixed for Monday next. The French executioner has been ordered to ship a guillotine to Sarotons, where the execution will take place. The Corsicans are aroused, and a vendetta is feared. The government, however, intends to make an mposing display of military on the occasion of the execution, to assist in keeping order.

Italy's Seizure of Massowah. Paris, Aug. 30.—The reply of the French government to the note of Signor Crispi, the Italian Prime Minister, announcing Italy's seizure of Massowah, is published. It says France desires to avoid entering upon irritating polemies, and does not care to prolong the debate, but it is impossible to avoid recalling the fact that a French consulate sanctioned by the Porte was established at Massowah twenty-five years before the date of the Italian occupation.

Liebknecht Elected. BERLIN, Aug. 30. - In the election in the Sixth district of this city, to-day, Herr Liebknecht, Socialist, was successful, receiving 26,067 votes out of a total of 41,791.

Foreign Notes.

Queen Natalie, of Servis, has gone to Bu-At Einerz, Hungary, yesterday, a man murdered his five children and then committed sui-

British, German and Austrian squadrons will make a visit, shortly, to the principal Italian

At Tarnobrieg, Galicia, yesterday, 150 houses were destroyed by fire. Two hundred families are homeless. The loss was \$2,500,000. One

man was injured. The officials at the German embassy at Paris are satisfied that the man Garnier, who fired a shot at the porter of the embassy on Wednesday, is insane. The incident is therefore closed. Advices from Lorenzo Marquez, a Portuguese town in Africa, say mutiny has broken out among the soldiers of the garrison and that

marines have been landed from the war ships to quell it. Fighting is expected. Emperor William, of Germany, is expected to arrive at Rome on Oct. 6. The municipal authorities are already making preparations for his reception, and will give a ball in his honor. This will be held in the three palaces on Capitoline Hill, which will be connected for the occa-

# TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

D. W. Deseborough, a cabin passenger on the steamer Rhynland, which arrived yesterday at New York from Antwerp, died during the voyage, of Bright's disease, and was buried at sea. At Bangor, Me., the jury in the case of Dr. Geo. F. Weed, charged with complicity in the robbery of old Peter Bennett, came in yesterday after an all-night session, rendered a ver-

dict of not guilty, and Weed was discharged. Frank Chapek, of Chicago, who is alleged to have been implicated in the dynamite plot against Judges Gary and Grinnell and Inspector Bonfield, was yesterday released on \$6,000 bail. All of the alleged conspirators are now out on

Rev. W. F. Davis has served about ten months in Charles-street jail, Boston, to which he was sentenced for preaching on the Common. As he has for good behavior a time allowance for thirty-six,days, he will be released on Friday, Sept. 7.

The boiler of a portable engine used at the Denton, Tex., ice-works, exploded yesterday with terrific force. Robert Kirkpatrick, engineer, was killed, his right leg being torn from his body, and his head crushed. John Benson, foreman, was fatally injured.

John Riley, an inmate of the Missouri penitentiary, attacked guard J. A. Gresham, yesterday, and beat and kicked him severely. Gresham recovered himself in time to shoot and kill the unruly convict, who was sent up for twelve years for burglary in Davies county. A. J. Throckmorton, a nephew of Governor

Throckmorton, of Texas, committed suicide at a ten-cent lodging-house in Denver by taking morphine. Despondency, caused by poverty and whisky, is supposed to be the cause. He recently came from Pueblo, Col., where he and his wife had spent all they had.

Death of a Famous Bankrupt.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 30.-The death of William

M. Lloyd, of Altoons, was announced to-day as having occurred last night. The announcement recalls the bankruptcy proceedings into which Mr. Lloyd was forced by the panie of 1873. At the time his assets were among the millions and his liabilities about four times as much as his assets. He had property and other interests in different parts of the country, and was con-nected with a number of banking institutions, one being in New York, one in Evansburg and one in Altoona. Bankruptcy proceedings were begun against him Nov. 11, 1875, and the litigation which followed makes a volume of the United States District Court proceedings. There were over one thousand creditors, and every creditor to whom he owed a \$5 bill was comnelled by the assignee to prove the claim, and

thus the volume of docket entries was multi-

plied. Mr. Lloyd was well known throughout

the country, and his name was coupled with

many business transactions, owing to his credit

and standing. The deceased was seventy-one years of age. Tragedy Near Shreveport.

SHREVEPORT, La., Aug. 30 .- An affray ocenrred yesterday at the Pandora store, six miles above here, in Bossier parish, which resulted in the death of Dr. J. W. Arnold, who was shot and killed by W. J. McMath, a young man who was in charge of the store. The parties were well connected, and had many friends in that section. Reliable gentlemen state that the difficulty originated Tuesday night, when Arnold slapped McMath in the face, placed a pistol under his nose and threatened to return and kick him out and shoot out his heart. McMath, fearing that Arnold would put his threats into execution, loaded a shotgun, which he then placed in the store. Arnold went to the store yesterday morning, pistol in hand. Mc-Math, seeing him coming, seized his gun and fired, killing Arnold at the first shot. After his victim had failen, McMath fired the contents of | special to the Indianapolis Journal the other barrel of his gun and three pistol balls into his prostrate body.

# A Drug Clerk's Fatal Blunder.

Branford, Conn., Aug. 30.—Herace Bishop and Charles Applebee, fifteen and sixteen years old, respectively, to-night drank soda-water in a Rev. William H. Simpson, D. D., died at Chatham, Canada, Aug. 22, after a lingering illness. He was for several years pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Madison, and afterwards The blundering clerk is in jail.

THE CAMPAIGN IN INDIANA

Reports Indicating the Course of Political Events in the Hoosier State.

Hon. John M. Butler's Tour in the Northern Counties-Hon. Frank B. Posey Nominated for Congress in the First District.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CROWN POINT, Aug. 30 .- The Hon. John M. Butler, of Indianapolis, opened the campaign in Lake county by an eloquent speech delivered at Crown Point last night to a large and eathusiastic audience. The meeting was held upon the court-house square, and, although the speech occupied nearly two hours in its delivery, the speaker was given the closest and most interested attention throughout. Not a sentence nor an idea was lost, and as the telling points were made against the Democracy and in favor of the Republicans, the audience showed its approval and appreciation by hearty cheers. Mr. Butler dwelt at length upon the tariff issue, and, although this part of the State has received much of its instruction upon this question from the Chicago Tribune, the audience showed that it was in full sympathy and accord with the speaker when he innounced that the Republican doctrine is that "American industries and American labor ought to be protected by wise tariff laws," and that the "protective principle would in the future, as it had under Republican rule in the past, maintain the prosperity of the Nation." This county, owing to a large foreign element in its population, has for some years been somewhat uncertain in politics, not that there is, or has been, any question as to its giving good Republican majorities, but as to the size of such majorities. This year, unless all signs fail, its Republican majority will be larger than usual. Over one-half of the voters, either by birth or parentage, are Germans, who have become prosperous under the wise tariff system of the Republican party, and who, when the issue is made, will not vote for

ts destruction. HAMMOND, Aug. 30 .- The Hon, John M. Butler, of Indianapolis, addressed a large and enthusiastic audience here this evening. There were a large number of preminent Democrats present. The speaker held his audience for two hours while he dwelt on the current issues of the day, and was roundly applauded at intervals in his speech. At the mention of the names of Harrison and Morton and General Hovey tumultuous applause followed and lasted for several minutes. The Military band and glee club discoursed sweet music. Great enthusiasm prevails on all sides this evening.

Posey for Congress from the "Pocket." special to the Indianapolis Joprnal.

EVANSVILLE, Aug. 30.-This has been a big day here for Republicans. It was the holding of the First congressional district convention. The seven counties in the district were representenced by full delegations, besides many prominent Republicans of the State were in attendance. Enthusiasm ran high during the entire meeting, and everything was harmonious. Hon. Frank B. Posey, of Petersburg, Pike county, was nominated for Congress on the fourth ballot, and only won by one vote. Major H. A. Mattison, of this city, also being a candidate for the place. Mr. Posey, the nominee, is a young lawyer of ability and great promise. He is a Hoosier by birth and is forty years old. He is a graduate of Asbury University, and was a Garfield elector in 1880. He devotes his time to his farming and mining interests, employs hundreds of men, and never had a strike on his hands.

Vanderburg and Posey counties held a judicial convention and renominated Capt. A. J. McCutcheon for prosecuting attorney. Warrick, Spencer and Perry counties nominated Wm. M. Hoggit for Circuit Court judge, and James A. Hemingway for prosecuting at-

Posey and Gibson counties nominated V. P. Bozeman for State Senator. There is general satisfaction at the result of to-day's nominations, and the Republicans are

#### sanguine of success. Another Sentinel Story Contradicted.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. RICHMOND, Aug. 30 .- The Indianapolis Sentinel of this morning contained an unsigned letter from a person claiming to be on employe of the Ezra Smith coffin-works, of this city, in which the writer says that on last Saturday a balf dozen of the employes of this firm made arrangements to accompany the Cleveland and Thurman Club to Indianapolis, and that one of their number was prevented from doing so by the threat of immediate discharge. In reply to this, James Smith, president of the works, publishes a card in the Evening Telegram, and says that only two of the employes asked leave of absence, which was grauted, but afterwards it was found that enother had arranged to go. This would have left the works without any one to do the shipping and care for the horses, and he was told that when the men had anything of the kind on hand they must so arrange that one should stay and attend to such matters. He says there was no threat or intimation of discharge, nor was such a thing thought of. He denies emphatically that the company ever sought to improperly control or influence its employes in their political action or

Storming a Democratic Stronghold.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. BLUFFTON, Aug. 30.-Hon. Ira J. Chase, Republican candidate for Lieutenant-governor, spoke to an enthusiastic gathering at Union Center. Wells county, on Wednesday evening. Delegations and hundreds of people came from adjoining townships and surrounding towns, and fully 1,200 persons were present. It was held in the midst of a Democratic stronghold, yet a stranger would have been led to believe they were all Republicans had it not been for repeated interruptions by a few Democrats who persisted in cheering for the great (?) Grover. Mr. Chase held the crowd's attention through the two hours he addressed the meeting, and then they seemed to be untired. A great deal of good has already been accomplished in this locality, and five or six life-long Democrats openly avow to vote for Harrison. Music was furnished by the Bluffton glee club, Ossian coronet band and the Liberty Center and Markle drum corps.

Club Organized at Hagerstown.

special to the Indiana. Our Journal. HAGERSTOWN, Aug. 30 .- The Republicans or ganized a Harrison and Morton club here, on Wednesday evening, with 141 members. Speeches were made by Dr. E. Keith, John Bowman, B. F. Parsons, W. J. Purdy and others. Permanent officers were elected, and committees appointed. The Republicans here are full of vim and vigor, and are doing good, earnest work. In a few days they will have under construction a large log cabin, which will be Illuminated by natural gas, and be used as the Republican headquarters of the campaign.

#### Judge Gould Retires. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

DELPHI. Aug. 30 .- This morning's Journal contained the announcement that Judge Gould would not take the race for judge again in this indicial circuit, composed of Carroll and White counties. He gives ill health the cause of his declination. His physician states that the necessity of his retirement from the bench is imperative. Judge Gould has held the office for twelve years and would have been nominated by acclamation. The names of Louis B. Sims, of this county and Trueman F. Palmer, of White county, are Hon. W. B. Jewell at Covington.

# special to the Indianapolis Journal.

COVINGTON, Aug. 30 .- Hon. Wm. R. Jewell editor of the Daily News, Danville, Ill., and one of the Republican electors for Illinois, spoke in this place last evening to about 2,000 people. Over a hundred came down from Attica, headed by a band, which furnished excellent music during the evening. The audience was very en-thusiastic, and Mr. Jewell delivered an eloquent and logical address. He spoke of the tariff. President Cleveland and the fishery troubles. and all the facts he brought out were ificontrovertible and will have lasting effect.

# Meetings in Carroll County.

DELPHI, Aug. 30 .- The Republicans of this county are awake and pushing the battle. Joseph A. Sims will speak at Wheeling, next Thursday evening. Col. James T. Bryer, of the Logansport Journal, will deliver an address at Camden, Saturday evening, Sept. 8, and C. B. Landis will deliver an address at Yeoman on the evening of Sept. 8, the occa-sion being the raising of a pole 150 feet high.

# Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short-weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall street, N.Y.

An immense pole was raised at Sleeth station, last Saturday night, addresses being delivered by C. B. Landis and John H. Hoynes. Pat O'Donneil, the Irish orator, of this county, islin great demand. Changes are reported from all

#### Meeting at Tipton.

Special to the Indiapapolis Journal. TIPTON, Aug. 30 .- The Republicans held a rousing meeting at the Kleyla Theater to-night. under the auspices of the First Voters' Club of this city. Hon. C. C. Shirley, of Kekomo, addressed the vast audience on the leading issues. and his arraignment of the Democratic freetraders was received with untounded enthusiasm. It was one of the largest attended political gatherings held here this year.

#### R. A. Black at Morristown.

pecial to the Indianapol's Journa Morristown, Aug. 30. - A large and enthusiastic Republican meeting was held here to-night. Mr. R. A. Black, of Greenfield, presented the issues in a masterly manner. The crowd was much larger than at any meeting ever held in this place.

Business Embarcassments.

NEW YORK, Aug. 30. - The schedules of Archibald McNiel, dealer in coal at No. 1 Broadway, filed to-day, show liabilities of \$34.591; actual assets, \$1,800. Those of Assemblyman J. Wesley Smith, dealer in ice at 238 West Thirteeth street and drugs at 1461 Broadway, show inbilities \$31,070; actual assets, \$11,858. The Knickerbocker Cutlery Company, at 527 West Twenty-fourth street, has become financially emparrassed and the sheriff has taken possession on a judgment of H. A. Rogers for \$5,272.

Steamship News.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 30 .- Arrived. Bergenseren, for New York. SOUTHAMPTON, Aug. 30 .- Arrivel: Saule,

from New York for Bremen. NEW YORK, Aug. 30 -Arrived: State of Indiana, from Glascow; Rhynland, from An we p. London, Aug. 30 .- Passed Prawle Point Berderer, from Boston. Passed Dan atl Hand. Savonia, from New York for Copennager and St. 1tin. Passed the Lizard: Loundam, trota New York for Amsterdam.

Losses by Fire.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 30 -A fire in the Gara soap-works to-night was extinguished with but little loss or damage, except by water. Two alarms called out a double force of fire-ingines, and their work was effective. BLOOMSBURG, Pa. Aug. 20 -The Eleomaturg

Obituary. CHICAGO, Aug. 30.-Gen. S. C. Buckingham

desk factory was destroyed by fire this after-

died at his residence in this city to day Celibacy for Poor Curates.

noon. Loss, \$30,000; insurance, \$26,000.

London Daily News. "A celibate order among the clergy" is, in the opinion of "Rector," who writes to the Guardian, one of the imperative necesities of the tim-The avowed reason for this remarkable suggest tion is the imposibility of supporting a wife and family upon the ordinary income of a cutat . It is to be gathered from the letters that the views of curates on this subject are, never hless, far from being exorbitant. One "national curate" suggests that the difficulty would are met by securing to each a stipend of £200 a year; out to this it is objected that "£200 a year is not anything like enough for a gentlemen to marry a lady upon." "Rector," who states that he has exceptional means of knowing the condition of clerical incomes, cites numerous examples of the improvidence of poor curates. A few he has known who, "themselves brought up in easy circumstances," face their present poverty bravely, educate their children at the national school, and "send them out to service." This, "Rector" considers, was "the wisest course to take." Whether it has reflected credit on the church is a question which he apparently does not think it worth while to discuss. "Rector" is content with joining, as he expresses it, in the

# ried man" than take a curate "in debt, with ten

cry against sinful-that is, imprudent-mar-

riages, and with warning his humbler brethren

that he, for one, would "rather have an unmar-

One Way to Use Old Corks. St. Nicholas. An old bottle-cork may seem to most people to be an utterly useless article. But there are few things which the ingenuity of man cannot turn to some good use. Seaweed for many ages has been believed by all mankind to be quite worthless, as we may judge by the name itself; but modern chemistry has discovered that it is very valuable. While as to corks, it is true that negro minstrels; and. I might add, many small boys, use them for blacking their faces, and to make imitation mustaches. But there are many other ways of turning these articles to account, at slight expense.

A cork, if out into a cube or small brick, bears a close resemblance in miniature to many kinds of stone. When a number of these are combined they look like old specked and indented masonry. They abound in brown, or brownishgray, spots and little cavities. Therefore, if you take a number of such cork-bricks, and construct from them a model of a small house with care, it will present a very pretty appearance. They are easily factored together, by passing wire or small rods through them, or by gluing them together.

It often will be desirable to give the cork some other shape, or to round the corners. This can generally be effected with a sharp penknife and sand-paper; but artists who make elaborate imitations of buildings in cork, use a new keen file.

Specific Education.

Mr. Vanderbilt pays his cook \$10,000 a year.

Burdette, In Brooklyn Eagle.

my boy, which is a great deal more than you and I earn-or at least it is a great deal more than we get-because he can cook. That is all. Presumably because he can cook better than any other man in America. That is all. If Monsieur Sauceangravi could cook tolerably well, and shoot a little, and speak three languages tolerably well, and keeps books fairly, and sing some, and understand gardening pretty well, and could preach a fair sort of a sermon. and knew something about horses, and could telegraph a little, and could do light porter's work, and could read proof tolerably, and could do plain house and sign painting, and could help on a threshing machine, and knew enough law to practice in the justices' courts of Kickapoo township, and had once run for the legislature, and knew how to weigh hay, he wouldn't get \$10,000 a year for it. He gets that just because he knows how to cook, and it wouldn't make a cent's difference in his salary if he thought the world was flat and that it went around its orbis on wheels. There's nothing like knowing your

#### the sophomores are omniscient. A Western Dramatic Critic Talks.

business clear through, my boy, from withers to

hock, whether you know anything else or not.

What's the good of knowing everything? Only

Salt Lake Tribune. An Eastern paper says: "Mrs. James Brown Potter's dresses for the coming season will, to put it plainly, far outshine that lady's genius. Every one of them is by Worth." Her genius is not "worth" a consideration. She is even worse than Langtry. The Lily has a good, honest English back and fine arms, even if her mouth is coarse, mercenary and cruel. But the Potter reminds one perpetually of a garter snake try-to swallow a bird and leaves one constantly at a loss where the bird leaves off and the snake be-